



### Safety Data Sheet

According to Canadian HPR - WHMIS 2015

1. Product identifier				
Code: Product name	LUXOR LUXOR			
Floduct hame	LUXUK			
2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixto	ure and uses a	advised against		
Intended use	Self-polish	ning paint		
Identified Uses	Industrial		Professional	Consumer
ADHESIVE SYSTEM/TREATMENT FOR STONE SECTOR				
SECTOR	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	-
3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet				
Name	TENAX SP	A		
Full address	Via I Magg			
District and Country	37020	Volargne		(VR)
	Tel.	ltaly +39 045 688	7593	
	Fax	+39 045 686		
e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet	msds@ter			
Supplier:	Tel. 001 70	ehall Executive )45831173 - Fax	Center Drive Suite 400 001 7045833166	, 28273 Charlotte NC, US
.4. Emergency telephone number	info@tena	xusa.com		
For urgent inquiries refer to	24hrs:			
	Manitoba I	Poison Centre 1	-855-7POISON (1-855-	776-4766)
	BC Drug a	nd Poison Info	rmation Centre (DPIC)	
	1-800-567-	8911 (toll free i	n BC)	
	(604) 682-5	5050 (Greater V	ancouver or outside of	BC)
	Centre ant	ipoison du Qué	bec 1-800-463-5060	
	IWK Regio	onal Poison Cer	itre	
		8161 (within NS	• •	
	(902) 470-8	3161 (Halifax or	outside NS, PEI)	
		-	tion Services (PADIS)	
		•	n Alberta, Northwest To	erritories)
			n Saskatchewan) /, outside of Alberta, oı	<sup>r</sup> VOIP users)
		bison Centre 1-8		

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in Canada's Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) (WHMIS 2015). The product thus requires a safety datasheet.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

ΕN



### TENAX SPA LUXOR

Revision nr.1 Dated 11/18/2024 First compilation Printed on 11/18/2024 Page n. 2 / 12

#### 2. Hazards identification ... / >>

**Classification and Hazard Statement** Flammable liquid, category 3 Carcinogenicity, category 1B Reproductive toxicity, category 2 Aspiration hazard, category 1 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2 Skin irritation, category 2 Skin sensitization, category 1 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3 Hazard pictograms:



Danger

Flammable liquid and vapour. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Hazard statements:	
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H350	May cause cancer.
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements:

Precautionary statements:	
Prevention:	
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P260	Do not breathe dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P242	Use non-sparking tools.
P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P280	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P264	Wash the hands thoroughly after handling.
P240	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P243	Take action to prevent static discharges.
P241	Use explosion-proof [electrical / ventilating / lighting / ] equipment.
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response:	
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting.
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].
P312	Call a POISON CENTRE / doctor / if you feel unwell.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P370+P378	In case of fire: use CO2, sand, powder to extinguish.
Storage:	
P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P405	Store locked up.
Disposal:	
P501	Dispose of contents / container according to applicable law.

#### 2.2. Other hazards

Environmental classification as for Reg. (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP):

The product is classified as hazardous for environment pursuant to the provisions set forth in EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP).

Classification and Hazard Statement Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Hazard statements: H412

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

ΕN



TENAX SPA LUXOR Revision nr.1 Dated 11/18/2024 First compilation Printed on 11/18/2024 Page n. 3 / 12

#### 2. Hazards identification ... / >>

Drocoutionory	atatamanta		
Precautionary Prevention:	statements.		
P273		Avoid release to the environ	ment.
Response:			
Storage:			
Dianaaali			
Disposal: <b>P501</b>	r	Dispose of contents / contai	ner according to applicable law.
		•	
3. Compositi	on/informatio	n on ingredients	
3.2. Mixtures			
Contains:			
Identification		x = Conc. % (w/w)	Classification:
TOLUENE TOLUOL			
CAS	108-88-3	39 ≤ x < 41	Flammable liquid, category 2 H225, Reproductive toxicity, category 2 H361, Aspiration hazard, category 1 H304, Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2 H373, Skin irritation, category 2 H315, Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3 H336, Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3 H412
HYDROCARE	BONS, C9-C11, N-	ALKANS, ISOALKANS, CI	CLICS, <2% AROMATICS
CAS	64742-48-9	11 ≤ x < 12	Flammable liquid, category 3 H226, Aspiration hazard, category 1 H304, Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3 H336
TETRACHLO PERCHLORO	ROETHYLENE ETHYLENE		
CAS	127-18-4	1≤x< 1.5	Carcinogenicity, category 1B H350, Eye irritation, category 2 H319, Skin irritation, category 2 H315, Skin sensitization, category 1 H317, Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3 H336, Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2 H411

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

#### 4. First-aid measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of doubt or in the presence of symptoms contact a doctor and show him this document.

In case of more severe symptoms, ask for immediate medical aid.

EYES: Remove, if present, contact lenses if the situation allows you to do so easily. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash immediately and thoroughly with running water (and soap if possible). Get medical advice/attention. Avoid further contact with contaminated clothing.

INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical advice/attention.

INHALATION: Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. In the event of respiratory symptoms (coughing, wheezing, breathing difficulty, asthma) keep the victim in a comfortable position for breathing. If necessary administer oxygen. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention.

#### Rescuer protection

It is good practice for rescuers lending support to a person who has been exposed to a chemical substance or to a mixture to wear personal protective equipment. The nature of such protection depends on the hazard level of the substance or mixture, on the type of exposure and on the extent of the contamination. In the absence of other more specific indications, use of disposable gloves in the event of possible contact with body fluids is recommended. For the type of PPE suitable for the characteristics of the substance or mixture, see section 8.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

DELAYED EFFECTS: Based on the information currently available, there are no known cases of delayed effects following exposure to this product.

### Tenax

TENAX SPA LUXOR Revision nr.1 Dated 11/18/2024 First compilation Printed on 11/18/2024 Page n. 4 / 12

#### 4. First-aid measures ... / >>

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If symptoms occur, whether acute or delayed, consult a doctor.

Means to have available in the workplace for specific and immediate treatment

Running water for skin and eye wash.

#### 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

Combustion products: mainly COx.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

#### Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material. Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

#### 7. Handling and storage

13

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. When performing transfer operations involving large containers, connect to an earthing system and wear antistatic footwear. Vigorous stirring and flow through the tubes and equipment may cause the formation and accumulation of electrostatic charges. In order to avoid the



#### 7. Handling and storage ... / >>

risk of fires and explosions, never use compressed air when handling. Open containers with caution as they may be pressurised. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

#### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory references:

```
EU OEL EU
```

Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC. ACGIH 2023

TLV-ACGIH

#### HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, N-ALKANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS

Inresnoia Limit	value						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
TLV-ACGIH	-	1200	197				

			TE	TRACHLOROETH	YLENE	
Threshold Limit	Value					
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15mir	า	Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV-ACGIH	-	170	25	678	100	
OEL	EU	138	20	275	40	SKIN
OSHA	USA		100		200	

				TOLUENE		
Threshold Limit	Value					
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min	ı	Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
OEL	EU	192	50	384	100	SKIN
TLV-ACGIH	-		20			
OSHA	USA		200		300	

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

#### TOLUENE

Sampling methods: https://amcaw.ifa.dguv.de/substance/methoden/017-toluene 2016.pdf

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration. Personal protective equipment must comply with current regulations. HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves.

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.138): compatibility, degradation, permeability time.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear. Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing. EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133, CSA Standard CAN/CSA-Z94.3-92).



#### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>

#### RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, wear a mask with a NIOSH certified filter, whose limit of use will be defined by the manufacturer (NIOSH 42 CFR 84, OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134, CSA Standard Z94.4-02). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus or external air-intake breathing apparatus. For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard NIOSH 42 CFR 84, OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134, CSA Standard Z94.4-02.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

HAND PROTECTION: Protect hands with work gloves for protection from chemical agents in nitrile or fluoroelastomer (EN 374-1: 2016) at least type B or higher based on the risk assessment carried out by the company. Breakthrough time> 480 minutes. Material thickness:

NITRILE short contact> 0.38 mm prolonged contact> 0.55 mm FLUOROELASTOMER short contact> 0.50 mm prolonged contact> 1.50 mm

#### 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties Appearance Colour Odour		Value viscous liquid opalescent typical		Information
Odour threshold pH		not available not available		Reason for missing data:substance/mixture is non-polar/aprotic (eg: an organic solvent mixture)
Melting point / freezing point		not available		,
Initial boiling point	>		°F)	
Boiling range		not available		
Flash point		40 °C	(104 °F)	
Evaporation rate		not available		
Flammability		not available		
Lower explosive limit		not available		
Upper explosive limit		not available		
Vapour pressure		not available		
Vapour density		not available		
Relative density		0.9 g/cm3		
Solubility		immiscible with water	-	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water		not available		
Auto-ignition temperature		not available		
Decomposition temperature		not available		
Viscosity		not available		
Explosive properties		not available		
Oxidising properties 2. Other information		not available		
VOC :		51,30 % - 461,70	g/litre	

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

TETRACHLOROETHYLENE



#### 10. Stability and reactivity ... / >>

Decomposes at temperatures above 150°C/302°F. Decomposes if exposed to: UV rays, moisture. TOLUENE

Avoid exposure to: light.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

#### TETRACHLOROETHYLENE

Risk of explosion on contact with: alkaline metals, aluminium, alkaline hydroxides, sodium amides. May react violently with: strong bases, strong oxidising agents, alkaline earth metals, light metals, metal powders, zinc oxide.

TOLUENE

Risk of explosion on contact with: fuming sulphuric acid,nitric acid,silver perchlorate,nitrogen dioxide,non-metal halogenates,acetic acid,organic nitrocompounds.May form explosive mixtures with: air.May react dangerously with: strong oxidising agents,strong acids,sulphur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Information not available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

TETRACHLOROETHYLENE

May develop: hydrogen chloride, phosgenes, chlorine, ethane tetrachloride, chlorine compounds.

#### 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

TETRACHLOROETHYLENE WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin. POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; inhalation of ambient air.

TOLUENE

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; inhalation of ambient air; contact with the skin of products containing the substance.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

#### TETRACHLOROETHYLENE

Has a toxic effect on the central and peripheral nervous system, liver, kidneys and heart; the mucous membranes and the skin are irritated.

TOLUENE

Toxic effect on the central and peripheral nervous system with encephalopathy and polyneuritis; irritating for the skin, conjunctiva, cornea and respiratory apparatus.

#### Interactive effects

FN



Revision nr.1 Dated 11/18/2024 First compilation Printed on 11/18/2024 Page n. 8 / 12

#### 11. Toxicological information ... / >>

#### TOLUENE

Certain drugs and other industrial products can interfere with the metabolism of the toluene.

#### ACUTE TOXICITY

HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, N-ALKANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS</th>LD50 (Oral):> 5000 mg/kg ratLD50 (Dermal):> 5000 mg/kg rabbitLC50 (Inhalation vapours):> 4951 mg/l/4h rat

#### TETRACHLOROETHYLENE LD50 (Oral): LD50 (Dermal): LC50 (Inhalation mists/powders): LC50 (Inhalation vapours):

TOLUENE LD50 (Oral): LD50 (Dermal): LC50 (Inhalation vapours): 4000 ppm/4h Rat 5580 mg/kg Rat

> 10000 mg/kg bw

> 3786 mg/l/4h

3000 mg/kg

12124 mg/kg Rabbit 28.1 mg/l/4h Rat

#### SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

#### SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Sensitising for the skin

#### GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### CARCINOGENICITY

May cause car	ncer
Carcinogenicity	y Assessment:
108-88-3	TOLUENE
	ACGIH:: A4
	IARC:3
127-18-4	TETRACHLOROETHYLENE
	ACGIH:: A3
	IARC:2A
	NTP: Reasonably Anticipated

#### TETRACHLOROETHYLENE

Classified in Group 2A (probable human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC). Epidemiological studies show evidence of association between exposure to the substance and presence of various types of cancers: bladder cancer, non-Hodgkin's lymphomas and multiple myeloma (US EPA, 2014). Classified as a "probable carcinogen" by the US National Toxicology Program (NTP).

#### TOLUENE

Classified in Group 3 (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - (IARC, 1999).

The US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) affirms that "the data is inadequate for an assessment of the carcinogenic potential".

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

#### STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

#### 11. Toxicological information ... / >>

#### STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

#### May cause damage to organs

Target organs\_\_\_\_\_\_ TOLUENE Ototoxicity, Central nervous system

#### ASPIRATION HAZARD

Toxic for aspiration

#### 12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and the aquatic organisms. In the long term, it has negative effects on the aquatic environment.

#### 12.1. Toxicity

HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, N-ALKANS, ISOALKANS,	CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS
LC50 - for Fish	> 1000 mg/l/96h Oncorhyncus mykiss
EC50 - for Crustacea	1000 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	> 1000 mg/l/72h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitalina
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	
LC50 - for Fish	5 mg/l/96h Limanda limanda
EC50 - for Crustacea	8.5 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	3.62 mg/l/72h
TOLUENE	
LC50 - for Fish	5.5 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	4.1 mg/l/72h
Chronic NOEC for Fish	1.39 mg/l/40d
12.2. Persistence and degradability	

HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, N-ALKANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS Water, rapid biodegradability DURATION 28 days - Test results: Base: degradation percentage 89

TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	
Solubility in water NOT rapidly degradable	150 mg/l
TOLUENE	
Solubility in water Rapidly degradable	100 - 1000 mg/l
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	2.53
BCF	49

@EPY 11.7.2 - SDS 1004.14

## Tenax

TENAX SPA LUXOR

Revision nr.1 Dated 11/18/2024 First compilation Printed on 11/18/2024 Page n. 10 / 12

#### 12. Ecological information ... / >>

12. Ecological inform	nation / >>		
TOLUENE			
Partition coefficient:	n-octanol/water		2.73
BCF			90
12.4. Mobility in soil			
Information not ava	ilable		
12.5. Results of PBT a	ind vPvB assess	ment	
PBT substances co HYDROCARBONS		ANS, ISOALKANS	IS, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS
12.6. Other adverse ef	fects		
Information not ava	ilable		
13. Disposal cor	siderations		
CONTAMINATED F	PACKAGING aging must be re		aste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations. sed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.
14.1. UN number			
ADR / RID, IMDG, I 14.2. UN proper shippi		N 3295	
	-		
ADR / RID: IMDG: IATA:	HYDROCAR	BONS, LIQUID, N. BONS, LIQUID, N. BONS, LIQUID, N.	N.O.S.
14.3. Transport hazard	d class(es)		
ADR / RID:	Class: 3	Label: 3	
IMDG:	Class: 3	Label: 3	3
IATA:	Class: 3	Label: 3	
14.4. Packing group			
ADR / RID, IMDG, I	IATA: III		
14.5. Environmental ha	azards		
ADR / RID: IMDG: IATA:	NO not marine p NO	bllutant	





Revision nr.1 Dated 11/18/2024 First compilation Printed on 11/18/2024 Page n. 11/12

#### 14. Transport information ... / >>

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID:	HIN - Kemler: 30 Special provision: -	Limited Quantitie
IMDG:	EMS: F-E, S-D	Limited Quantitie
IATA:	Cargo:	Maximum quantit
	Passengers:	Maximum quantit
	Special provision:	A3, A324

es: 5 L

es: 5 L ity: 220 L ity: 60 L

Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)

Packaging instructions: 366 Packaging instructions: 355

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

#### 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Canadian Regulatory Information

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR).

Safety Data Sheet according to WHMIS 2015.

#### 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H350	May cause cancer.
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds



#### 16. Other information ... / >>

- WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

#### GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY:

#### - GHS rev. 5

- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- Niosh Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy
- Hazard Products Regulation (HPR)
- WHMIS 2015
- ONTARIO R.R.O. 1990, Regulation 883 (version July 2016)
- IARC website
- NTP. 2011. Report on Carcinogens, 12th Edition.
- OSHA website
- Cal/OSHA website
- California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses. Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

#### CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Product classification derives from criteria established by the Canada's Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) (WHMIS 2015), unless determined otherwise in Section 11 and 12. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

ΕN