



Safety Data Sheet

According to Canadian HPR - WHMIS 2015

1. Identification				
1.1. Product identifier				
Code: Product name	SHINEX SHINEX			
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixtu	re and uses ad	vised against		
Intended use	SILICON WA	x		
Identified Uses ADHESIVE SYSTEM/TREATMENT FOR STONE	Industrial		Professional	Consumer
SECTOR	\checkmark		 Image: A set of the set of the	-
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet				
Name	TENAX SPA			
Full address District and Country	Via I Maggio 37020	Volargne		(VR)
	Tel. Fax	Italy +39 045 6887 +39 045 68624		
e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet	msds@tena	x.it		
Supplier:		5831173 - Fax 0	enter Drive Suite 400 01 7045833166	, 28273 Charlotte NC, US
1.4. Emergency telephone number				
For urgent inquiries refer to	24hrs:			
	Manitoba Po	ison Centre 1-	355-7POISON (1-855-7	776-4766)
	BC Drug and	d Poison Inform	nation Centre (DPIC)	
		911 (toll free in 50 (Greater Var	BC) ncouver or outside of	BC)
	Centre antip	oison du Québ	ec 1-800-463-5060	
	-	al Poison Centr		
		61 (within NS a 61 (Halifax or o	and PEI only) utside NS, PEI)	
	1-800-332-14	14 (toll free in	on Services (PADIS) Alberta, Northwest Te Saskatchewan)	erritories)
			outside of Alberta, or	· VOIP users)
	Ontario Pois	on Centre 1-80	0-268-9017	
2. Hazards identification				

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in Canada's Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) (WHMIS 2015). The product thus requires a safety datasheet.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

EN





Revision nr.1 Dated 11/18/2024 First compilation Printed on 11/18/2024 Page n. 2 / 12

2. Hazards identification ... / >>

Classification and Hazard Statement

Flammable liquid, catego			
Carcinogenicity, category			
Eye irritation, category 2			
Skin irritation, category 2	•		
Skin sensitization, catego			
Specific target organ toxi			
category 3			
Hazard pictograms:			
Signal words:	Danger		
Hazard statements:			
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.		
H350	May cause cancer.		
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.		
H315	Causes skin irritation.		
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.		
H336	May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.		
Precautionary statements: Prevention:			
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.		
P261	Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.		
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.		
P242	Use non-sparking tools.		
P201	Obtain special instructions before use.		
P280	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.		
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.		
P264	Wash the hands thoroughly after handling.		
P240	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.		
P243	Take action to prevent static discharges.		
P241	Use explosion-proof [electrical / ventilating / lighting / …] equipment.		
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.		
Response:			
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy do. Continue rinsing.		
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].		
P312	Call a POISON CENTRE / doctor / if you feel unwell.		
P304+P340	IF INHALED: remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.		
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.		
P370+P378	In case of fire: use CO2, sand, powder to extinguish.		
Storage:			
P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.		
P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.		
	Store locked up.		
P405	etere restor up.		
P405 Disposal			
P405 Disposal: P501	Dispose of contents / container according to applicable law.		

The product is classified as hazardous for environment pursuant to the provisions set forth in EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP).

Classification and Hazard Statement

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Hazard pictograms:



EN





ΕN

2. Hazards identification ... / >>

Hazard statements: H411	Toxic to aquatic life with lo	ng lasting effects.				
Precautionary statements: Prevention: P273	Avoid release to the environment					
Response: P391	Collect spillage.					
Storage:						
Disposal: P501	Dispose of contents / conta	ainer according to applicable law.				
3. Composition/informat	ion on ingredients					
3.2. Mixtures						
Contains:						
Identification	x = Conc. % (w/w)	Classification:				
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE PERCHLOROETHYLENE						
CAS 127-18-4	37 ≤ x < 39	Carcinogenicity, category 1B H350, Eye irritation, category 2 H319, Skin irritation, category 2 H315, Skin sensitization, category 1 H317, Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3 H336, Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2 H411				
ETHYL ACETATE ETHYL ACETATE						
CAS 141-78-6	$32 \le x < 34$	Flammable liquid, category 2 H225, Eye irritation, category 2 H319, Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3 H336				
ETHYL METHYL KETONE 2-BUTANONE MEK BUTANONE						
CAS 78-93-3	16≤x< 17	Flammable liquid, category 2 H225, Eye irritation, category 2 H319, Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3 H336				

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

4. First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of doubt or in the presence of symptoms contact a doctor and show him this document.

In case of more severe symptoms, ask for immediate medical aid.

EYES: Remove, if present, contact lenses if the situation allows you to do so easily. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash immediately and thoroughly with running water (and soap if possible). Get medical advice/attention. Avoid further contact with contaminated clothing.

INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical advice/attention.

INHALATION: Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. In the event of respiratory symptoms (coughing, wheezing, breathing difficulty, asthma) keep the victim in a comfortable position for breathing. If necessary administer oxygen. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention.

Rescuer protection

It is good practice for rescuers lending support to a person who has been exposed to a chemical substance or to a mixture to wear personal protective equipment. The nature of such protection depends on the hazard level of the substance or mixture, on the type of exposure and on the extent of the contamination. In the absence of other more specific indications, use of disposable gloves in the event of possible contact with body fluids is recommended. For the type of PPE suitable for the characteristics of the substance or mixture, see section 8.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

Tenax

TENAX SPA SHINEX

4. First-aid measures ... / >>

DELAYED EFFECTS: Based on the information currently available, there are no known cases of delayed effects following exposure to this product.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If symptoms occur, whether acute or delayed, consult a doctor.

Means to have available in the workplace for specific and immediate treatment

Running water for skin and eye wash.

5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

Combustion products: mainly COx.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations. SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material. Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point

13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.



7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. When performing transfer operations involving large containers, connect to an earthing system and wear antistatic footwear. Vigorous stirring and flow through the tubes and equipment may cause the formation and accumulation of electrostatic charges. In order to avoid the risk of fires and explosions, never use compressed air when handling. Open containers with caution as they may be pressurised. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

OEL EU

TLV-ACGIH

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory references:

EU

Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC. ACGIH 2023

	TETRACHLOROETHYLENE						
Threshold Limit Value							
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15mi	n	Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
TLV-ACGIH	-	170	25	678	100		
OEL	EU	138	20	275	40	SKIN	
OSHA	USA		100		200		

	ETHYL METHYL KETONE						
Threshold Limit Value							
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min	1	Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
TLV-ACGIH	-	590	200	885	300		
OEL	EU	600	200	900	300		
OSHA	USA	590	200				

ETHYL ACETATE

Threshold Limit	hreshold Limit Value						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15mi	n	Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
TLV-ACGIH	-	1441	400				
OEL	EU	734	200	1468	400		
OSHA	USA	1400	400				

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

ETHYL METHYL KETONE

Sampling methods: https://amcaw.ifa.dguv.de/substance/methoden/105-Butan-2-one_2016.pdf

Biological exposure index: 2 mg/l, urine, biological indicator methyl ethyl ketone.



8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>

ETHYL ACETATE

Sampling method: https://amcaw.ifa.dguv.de/substance/methoden/050-ethyl_acetate_2016.pdf

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration. Personal protective equipment must comply with current regulations.

Protect hands with category III work gloves.

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.138): compatibility, degradation, permeability time.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear. Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing. EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133, CSA Standard CAN/CSA-Z94.3-92).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, wear a mask with a NIOSH certified filter, whose limit of use will be defined by the manufacturer (NIOSH 42 CFR 84, OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134, CSA Standard Z94.4-02). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus or external air-intake breathing apparatus. For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard NIOSH 42 CFR 84, OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134, CSA Standard Z94.4-02. ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

HAND PROTECTION: Protect hands with work gloves for protection from chemical agents in nitrile or fluoroelastomer (EN 374-1: 2016) at least type B or higher based on the risk assessment carried out by the company. Breakthrough time> 480 minutes. Material thickness:

NITRILE short contact> 0.38 mm prolonged contact> 0.55 mm FLUOROELASTOMER short contact> 0.50 mm prolonged contact> 1.50 mm

9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties Appearance Colour Odour Odour threshold pH		Value liquid transparent characteristic not available not available		Information Reason for missing data:substance/mixture is non-polar/aprotic (eg: an organic solvent
Melting point / freezing point Initial boiling point Boiling range Flash point Evaporation rate Flammability Lower explosive limit Upper explosive limit Vapour pressure Vapour density Relative density Solubility Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature	>	not available 35 °C (95 °F) not available 5 °C not available not available not available not available not available 1.02 g/cm3 immiscible with water not available not available) (41 °F)	mixture)





Revision nr.1 Dated 11/18/2024 First compilation Printed on 11/18/2024 Page n. 7 / 12

9. Physical and chemical properties/>>

Decomposition temperature Viscosity Explosive properties Oxidising properties 9.2. Other information	not available not available not available not available	
VOC :	85,00 % - 926,50	g/litre

10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

TETRACHLOROETHYLENE

Decomposes at temperatures above 150°C/302°F.Decomposes if exposed to: UV rays, moisture.

ETHYL METHYL KETONE

Reacts with: light metals,strong oxidants.Attacks various types of plastic materials.Decomposes under the effect of heat.

ETHYL ACETATE

Decomposes slowly into acetic acid and ethanol under the effect of light, air and water.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

TETRACHLOROETHYLENE

Risk of explosion on contact with: alkaline metals,aluminium,alkaline hydroxides,sodium amides.May react violently with: strong bases,strong oxidising agents,alkaline earth metals,light metals,metal powders,zinc oxide.

ETHYL METHYL KETONE

May form peroxides with: air,light,strong oxidising agents.Risk of explosion on contact with: hydrogen peroxide,nitric acid,sulphuric acid.May react dangerously with: oxidising agents,trichloromethane,alkalis.Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

ETHYL ACETATE

Risk of explosion on contact with: alkaline metals, hydrides, oleum. May react violently with: fluorine, strong oxidising

agents, chlorosulphuric acid, potassium tert-butoxide. Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

ETHYL METHYL KETONE

Avoid exposure to: sources of heat.

ETHYL ACETATE

Avoid exposure to: light,sources of heat,naked flames.

10.5. Incompatible materials

ETHYL METHYL KETONE

Incompatible with: strong oxidants, inorganic acids, ammonia, copper, chloroform.

ETHYL ACETATE

Incompatible with: acids,bases,strong oxidants,chlorosulphuric acid.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

TETRACHLOROETHYLENE

May develop: hydrogen chloride, phosgenes, chlorine, ethane tetrachloride, chlorine compounds.

11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information



Revision nr.1 Dated 11/18/2024 First compilation Printed on 11/18/2024 Page n. 8 / 12

11. Toxicological information ... / >>

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

TETRACHLOROETHYLENE WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin. POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; inhalation of ambient air.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

TETRACHLOROETHYLENE Has a toxic effect on the central and peripheral nervous system, liver, kidneys and heart; the mucous membranes and the skin are irritated.

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

TETRACHLOROETHYLENE LD50 (Oral): LD50 (Dermal): LC50 (Inhalation mists/powders): LC50 (Inhalation vapours):

ETHYL METHYL KETONE LD50 (Oral): LD50 (Dermal): LC50 (Inhalation vapours):

ETHYL ACETATE LD50 (Oral): LD50 (Dermal): LC50 (Inhalation vapours):

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Sensitising for the skin

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

May cause cancer Carcinogenicity Assessment: **TETRACHLOROETHYLENE** 127-18-4 ACGIH:: A3 IARC:2A NTP: Reasonably Anticipated

TETRACHLOROETHYLENE

Classified in Group 2A (probable human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC). Epidemiological studies show evidence of association between exposure to the substance and presence of various types of cancers: bladder cancer, non-Hodgkin's lymphomas and multiple myeloma (US EPA, 2014). Classified as a "probable carcinogen" by the US National Toxicology Program (NTP).

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

3000 mg/kg > 10000 mg/kg bw > 3786 mg/l/4h 4000 ppm/4h Rat

> 2000 mg/kg Rat 6480 mg/kg Rabbit 23.5 mg/l/8h Rat

5620 mg/kg ratto > 20000 mg/kg coniglio

> 6000 ppm/4h ratto

Tenax

Revision nr.1 Dated 11/18/2024 First compilation Printed on 11/18/2024 Page n. 9 / 12

11. Toxicological information ... / >>

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and is toxic for aquatic organisms. In the long term, it has negative effects on the aquatic environment.

12.1. Toxicity

TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	
LC50 - for Fish	5 mg/l/96h Limanda limanda
EC50 - for Crustacea	8.5 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	3.62 mg/l/72h
ETHYL METHYL KETONE	
LC50 - for Fish	2993 mg/l/96h Pimephales Promelas
EC50 - for Crustacea	308 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	2029 mg/l/96h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata
ETHYL ACETATE	
LC50 - for Fish	230 mg/l/96h pimephales promelas
EC50 - for Crustacea	165 mg/l/48h daphnia
12.2. Persistence and degradability	
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	
Solubility in water NOT rapidly degradable	150 mg/l
ETHYL METHYL KETONE	
Solubility in water Rapidly degradable	> 10000 mg/l
ETHYL ACETATE	
Solubility in water Rapidly degradable	> 10000 mg/l
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	

Tenax

12. Ecological information ... / >>

Partition coefficie					
	ent: n-octanol/water	2.53			
BCF		49			
ETHYL METHYL	KETONE				
Partition coefficie	ent: n-octanol/water	0.3			
ETHYL ACETAT	E				
Partition coefficie	ent: n-octanol/water	0.68			
BCF		30			
12.4. Mobility in soil					
Information not a	vailable				
12.5. Results of PB	T and vPvB assess	nent			
		oduct does not contain any PBT o	r vPvB in percentage ≥ tha	in 0,1%.	
12.6. Other adverse	effects				
Information not a	vailable				
13. Disposal c	onsiderations				
Reuse, when pos	sible. Neat produc	residues should be considered spe an authorised waste management			
Reuse, when pos Disposal must be CONTAMINATEI	ssible. Neat product performed through D PACKAGING	residues should be considered spo an authorised waste management covered or disposed of in complian	firm, in compliance with n	ational and local regulations.	
Reuse, when pos Disposal must be CONTAMINATEI Contaminated pa	ssible. Neat product performed through D PACKAGING ackaging must be re	an authorised waste management	firm, in compliance with n	ational and local regulations.	
Reuse, when pos Disposal must be CONTAMINATEI Contaminated pa 14. Transport i	ssible. Neat product performed through D PACKAGING ackaging must be re	an authorised waste management	firm, in compliance with n	ational and local regulations.	
Reuse, when pos Disposal must be CONTAMINATEI Contaminated pa 14. Transport i	ssible. Neat product performed through D PACKAGING ackaging must be re information	an authorised waste management	firm, in compliance with n	ational and local regulations.	
Reuse, when pos Disposal must be CONTAMINATEL Contaminated pa 14. Transport i 14.1. UN number ADR / RID, IMDC	ssible. Neat product performed through D PACKAGING ackaging must be re Information G, IATA: U	an authorised waste management	firm, in compliance with n	ational and local regulations.	
Reuse, when pos Disposal must be CONTAMINATEL Contaminated pa 14. Transport i 14.1. UN number ADR / RID, IMDC	ssible. Neat product performed through D PACKAGING ackaging must be re information G, IATA: UI pping name HYDROCAR HYDROCAR	an authorised waste management	firm, in compliance with n ce with national waste ma	ational and local regulations.	
Reuse, when pos Disposal must be CONTAMINATEL Contaminated pa 14. Transport i 14.1. UN number ADR / RID, IMDC 14.2. UN proper shi ADR / RID: IMDG: IATA:	ssible. Neat product performed through D PACKAGING uckaging must be re information G, IATA: UI pping name HYDROCAR HYDROCAR HYDROCAR	an authorised waste management covered or disposed of in complian 3295 ONS, LIQUID, N.O.S. ONS, LIQUID, N.O.S. (TETRACH	firm, in compliance with n ce with national waste ma	ational and local regulations.	
Reuse, when pos Disposal must be CONTAMINATEL Contaminated pa 14. Transport i 14.1. UN number ADR / RID, IMDC 14.2. UN proper shi ADR / RID: IMDG: IATA:	ssible. Neat product performed through D PACKAGING uckaging must be re information G, IATA: UI pping name HYDROCAR HYDROCAR HYDROCAR	an authorised waste management covered or disposed of in complian 3295 ONS, LIQUID, N.O.S. ONS, LIQUID, N.O.S. (TETRACH	firm, in compliance with n ce with national waste ma	ational and local regulations.	
Reuse, when pos Disposal must be CONTAMINATEL Contaminated pa 14. Transport i 14.1. UN number ADR / RID, IMDC 14.2. UN proper ship ADR / RID: IMDG: IATA: 14.3. Transport haza	ssible. Neat product performed through D PACKAGING ickaging must be re information G, IATA: UI pping name HYDROCAR HYDROCAR HYDROCAR ard class(es)	an authorised waste management covered or disposed of in complian 3295 ONS, LIQUID, N.O.S. ONS, LIQUID, N.O.S. (TETRACH ONS, LIQUID, N.O.S.	firm, in compliance with n ce with national waste ma	ational and local regulations. nagement regulations.	
Reuse, when pos Disposal must be CONTAMINATEL Contaminated pa 14. Transport i 14.1. UN number ADR / RID, IMDC 14.2. UN proper ship ADR / RID: IMDG: IATA: 14.3. Transport haza	ssible. Neat product performed through D PACKAGING ickaging must be re information G, IATA: UI pping name HYDROCAR HYDROCAR HYDROCAR ard class(es)	an authorised waste management covered or disposed of in complian 3295 ONS, LIQUID, N.O.S. ONS, LIQUID, N.O.S. (TETRACH ONS, LIQUID, N.O.S.	firm, in compliance with n ce with national waste ma	ational and local regulations. nagement regulations.	
Reuse, when pos Disposal must be CONTAMINATEL Contaminated pa 14. Transport i 14.1. UN number ADR / RID, IMDC 14.2. UN proper ship ADR / RID: IMDG: IATA: 14.3. Transport haza ADR / RID:	ssible. Neat product performed through D PACKAGING ackaging must be re information G, IATA: UI pping name HYDROCAR HYDROCAR HYDROCAR ard class(es) Class: 3	an authorised waste management covered or disposed of in complian 3295 ONS, LIQUID, N.O.S. ONS, LIQUID, N.O.S. (TETRACH ONS, LIQUID, N.O.S. Label: 3	firm, in compliance with n ce with national waste ma	ational and local regulations. nagement regulations.	
Disposal must be CONTAMINATEI Contaminated pa 14. Transport i 14.1. UN number ADR / RID, IMDC 14.2. UN proper ship ADR / RID: IMDG: IATA: 14.3. Transport haza ADR / RID:	ssible. Neat product performed through D PACKAGING ackaging must be re information G, IATA: UI pping name HYDROCAR HYDROCAR HYDROCAR ard class(es) Class: 3	an authorised waste management covered or disposed of in complian 3295 ONS, LIQUID, N.O.S. ONS, LIQUID, N.O.S. (TETRACH ONS, LIQUID, N.O.S. Label: 3	firm, in compliance with n ce with national waste ma	ational and local regulations.	
Reuse, when pos Disposal must be CONTAMINATEI Contaminated pa 14. Transport i 14.1. UN number ADR / RID, IMDC 14.2. UN proper ship ADR / RID: IMDG: IATA: 14.3. Transport haza ADR / RID: IMDG:	ssible. Neat product e performed through D PACKAGING ackaging must be re- information G, IATA: UI pping name HYDROCAR HYDROCAR HYDROCAR HYDROCAR ard class(es) Class: 3 Class: 3	an authorised waste management covered or disposed of in complian 3295 ONS, LIQUID, N.O.S. ONS, LIQUID, N.O.S. (TETRACH ONS, LIQUID, N.O.S. Label: 3 Label: 3	firm, in compliance with n ce with national waste ma	ational and local regulations. nagement regulations.	
Reuse, when pos Disposal must be CONTAMINATEI Contaminated pa 14. Transport i 14.1. UN number ADR / RID, IMDC 14.2. UN proper ship ADR / RID: IMDG: IATA: 14.3. Transport haza ADR / RID: IMDG:	ssible. Neat product performed through D PACKAGING inckaging must be re- information G, IATA: UI pping name HYDROCAR HYDROCAR HYDROCAR ard class(es) Class: 3 Class: 3 Class: 3	an authorised waste management covered or disposed of in complian 3295 ONS, LIQUID, N.O.S. ONS, LIQUID, N.O.S. (TETRACH ONS, LIQUID, N.O.S. Label: 3 Label: 3	firm, in compliance with n ce with national waste ma	ational and local regulations. nagement regulations.	



Revision nr.1 Dated 11/18/2024 First compilation Printed on 11/18/2024 Page n. 11 / 12

14. Transport information ... / >>

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID:	Environmentally Hazardous			
IMDG:	Marine Pollutant			
IATA:	NO			
For Air transport, en	vironmentally hazardous mark is only mar	datory for UN 3077 and UN 3082.		
14.6. Special precautions for user				

ADR / RID:	HIN - Kemler: 33	Limited Quantities: 1 It	Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)
	Special provision: 640D		
IMDG:	EMS: F-E, S-D	Limited Quantities: 1 It	
IATA:	Cargo:	Maximum quantity: 60 L	Packaging instructions: 364
	Passengers:	Maximum quantity: 5 L	Packaging instructions: 353
	Special provision:	A3, A324	
	8		Packaging instructions: 353

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention: None

Canadian Regulatory Information

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR).

Safety Data Sheet according to WHMIS 2015.

16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H350	May cause cancer.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level



Revision nr.1 Dated 11/18/2024 First compilation Printed on 11/18/2024 Page n. 12 / 12

16. Other information ... / >>

- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY:

- GHS rev. 5
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- Niosh Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

- Hazard Products Regulation (HPR)

- WHMIS 2015
- ONTARIO R.R.O. 1990, Regulation 883 (version July 2016)
- IARC website
- NTP. 2011. Report on Carcinogens, 12th Edition.
- OSHA website
- Cal/OSHA website
- California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses. Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

Fromue appointed stail with adequate training on now to use chemical pro

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Product classification derives from criteria established by the Canada's Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) (WHMIS 2015), unless determined otherwise in Section 11 and 12. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.